

Wayne State College



About This Report

About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
	Higher-Order Learning
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning
	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
Loamning with Books	Collaborative Learning
Learning with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others
	Charles Escalle Johannation
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction
	Effective Teaching Practices
Campus Environment	Quality of Interactions
Campus Environment	Supportive Environment

Report Sections

Overview (p. 3)

Displays how average EI scores for your first-year and senior students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.

Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)

Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:

Mean Comparisons

Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).

Score Distributions

Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores within your institution and comparison groups.

Summary of Indicator Items

Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups.

Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions (p. 15) Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of 2014 and 2015 participating institutions.

Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19)

Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

Interpreting Comparisons

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2015). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how El scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. The Report Builder—Institution Version and your Major Field Report (both to be

How Engagement Indicators are Computed

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu

Rocconi, L., & Gonyea, R. M. (2015). Contextualizing student engagement effect sizes: An empirical analysis. Paper presented at the Association for Institutional Research Annual Forum, Denver. CO.

NSSE national survey of student engagement

NSSE 2015 Engagement Indicators

Overview Wayne State College

Engagement Indicators: Overview

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups.

Your first-year students

compared with

Your first-year students

compared with

Your first-year students

compared with

Use the following key:

First-Year Students

- **Your students' average** was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- \triangle Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- -- No significant difference.
- ∇ Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Vour students' average** was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

		compared men	compared min	compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Plains Public <=5000	Public Master's L	2014 & 2015 Public
	Higher-Order Learning		∇	∇
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning	∇	∇	∇
Challenge	Learning Strategies			
	Quantitative Reasoning			∇
Learning with	Collaborative Learning	Δ		
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others			∇
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction		Δ	Δ
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			
Campus	Quality of Interactions		Δ	
Environment	Supportive Environment		Δ	Δ
niors		Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Plains Public <=5000	Public Master's L	2014 & 2015 Publi
	Higher-Order Learning			
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning		∇	
Challenge	Learning Strategies			
	Learning Strategies			
	Quantitative Reasoning			
Learning with		 	 	 <u>\</u>
	Quantitative Reasoning	 	 ▼	 ▼
Peers	Quantitative Reasoning Collaborative Learning	 	 △ ▽	 △ ▽
Learning with Peers Experiences with Faculty	Quantitative Reasoning Collaborative Learning Discussions with Diverse Others	 		
Peers Experiences	Quantitative Reasoning Collaborative Learning Discussions with Diverse Others Student-Faculty Interaction		~~	~~~



Academic Challenge Wayne State College

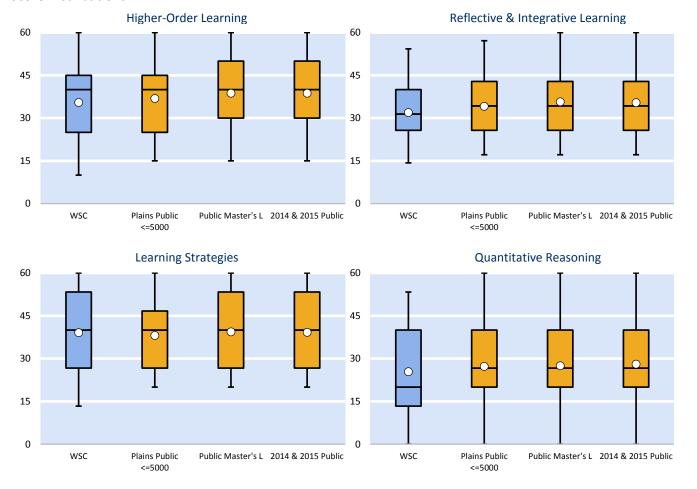
Academic Challenge: First-year students

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			with				
	WSC	Plains Publ	ic <=5000 Effect	Public Mas	ster's L Effect	2014 & 20	15 Public Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Higher-Order Learning	35.5	36.9	10	38.7 **	23	38.7 **	23
Reflective & Integrative Learning	32.0	34.1 *	18	35.7 ***	29	35.4 ***	27
Learning Strategies	39.1	38.1	.07	39.4	02	39.2	01
Quantitative Reasoning	25.4	27.3	12	27.5	13	28.0 *	16

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge Wayne State College

Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

Summary of Indicator Items

Higher-Order Learning	wsc	Plains Public <=5000	Public Master's L	2014 & 2015 Public
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%	%	%	%
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	68	69	71	72
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	65	68	71	71
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	60	65	70	69
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	62	67	69	68
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	46	51	56	56
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	38	46	53	52
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	39	45	51	50
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	53	60	62	62
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from	57	66	68	67
his or her perspective 2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	58	61	65	64
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	73	71	76	76
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	73	77	79	79
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	67	64	66	66
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	67	60	63	63
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	50	52	51	53
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	32	38	38	39
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	34	35	38	39



Academic Challenge Wayne State College

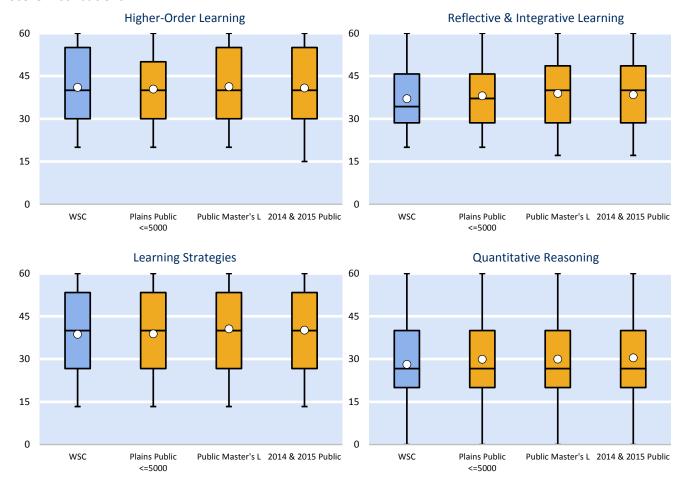
Academic Challenge: Seniors

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your seniors compared with						
	WSC	Plains Public <=5000 Effect		Public Master's L Effect		2014 &	2015 Public Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Higher-Order Learning	41.0	40.4	.04	41.2	01	40.8	.02	
Reflective & Integrative Learning	37.1	38.1	08	38.9 *	14	38.4	10	
Learning Strategies	38.7	38.8	01	40.6	13	40.1	10	
Quantitative Reasoning	28.1	29.9	10	30.0	11	30.4	13	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



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Academic Challenge Wayne State College

Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)

Summary of Indicator Items

Higher-Order Learning	wsc	Plains Public <=5000	Public Master's L	2014 & 2015 Public
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%	%	%	%
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	78	81	79	79
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	75	76	77	77
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	73	72	72	70
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	74	73	73	71
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	68	72	73	72
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	59	63	64	63
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	50	54	55	53
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	61	65	66	65
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from	67	69	71	70
his or her perspective 2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	63	67	70	69
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	82	84	83	83
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	81	81	83	82
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	55	59	65	64
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	66	65	66	65
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	47	54	55	56
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	42	46	45	45
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	37	44	44	46



Learning with Peers Wayne State College

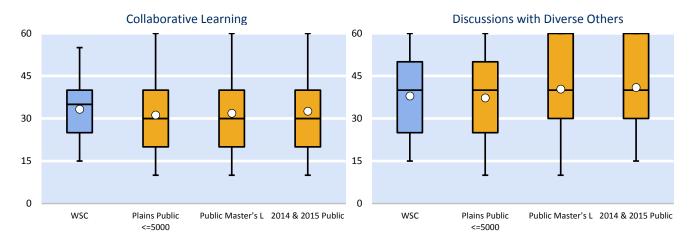
Learning with Peers: First-year students

Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your f	ïrst-year stude	ents compared	with	
	WSC	Plains Public <=5000		Public Master's L		2014 & 2	2015 Public
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size
Collaborative Learning	33.2	31.2 *	.15	31.8	.10	32.5	.05
Discussions with Diverse Others	37.9	37.2	.04	40.3	15	40.9 *	18

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Summary of Indicator Items

Collaborative Learning	WSC	Plains Public	Public Master's L	2014 & 2015 Public
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	64	48	49	51
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	60	54	56	58
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	52	46	47	49
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	54	51	52	53
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	60	60	72	72
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	68	65	72	73
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	67	66	68	70
8d. People with political views other than your own	65	62	67	68



Learning with Peers Wayne State College

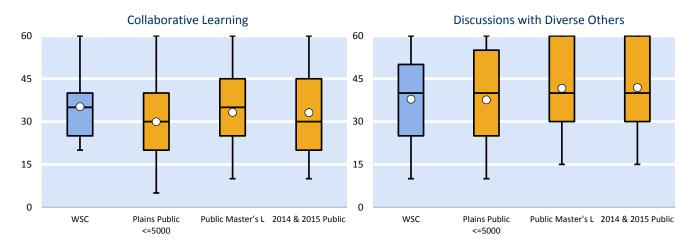
Learning with Peers: Seniors

Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your seniors compared with						
	WSC	Plains Public <=5000 Effect	Public Master's L Effect	2014 & 2015 Public Effect				
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size				
Collaborative Learning	35.2	30.0 *** .35	33.2 * .14	33.1 * .14				
Discussions with Diverse Others	37.8	37.6 .01	41.7 ***23	41.9 ***25				

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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Summary of Indicator Items

Collaborative Learning	wsc	Plains Public	Public Master's L	2014 & 2015 Public
Collaborative Learning	VV3C	\-3000	Master 3 L	Public
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	51	39	42	42
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	66	55	60	60
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	54	39	47	47
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	70	58	66	65
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	54	59	73	73
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	65	65	74	75
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	68	65	70	71
8d. People with political views other than your own	72	66	70	71



Experiences with Faculty Wayne State College

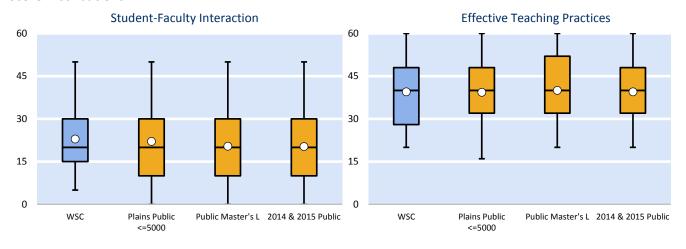
Experiences with Faculty: First-year students

Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your f	irst-year studer	nts compared	with	
	WSC	WSC Plains Public <=5000		Public Master's L		2014 & 2	015 Public
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Student-Faculty Interaction	22.9	22.1	.06	20.4 *	.17	20.3 *	.18
Effective Teaching Practices	39.5	39.3	.01	40.0	04	39.5	.00

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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Summary of Indicator Items

		Plains Public	Public	2014 & 2015
Student-Faculty Interaction	WSC	<=5000	Master's L	Public
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	44	36	33	32
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	17	23	19	19
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	29	28	26	25
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	32	32	30	29
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	75	78	80	80
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	77	78	78	78
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	72	75	76	76
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	62	67	66	63
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	61	65	63	60



Experiences with Faculty Wayne State College

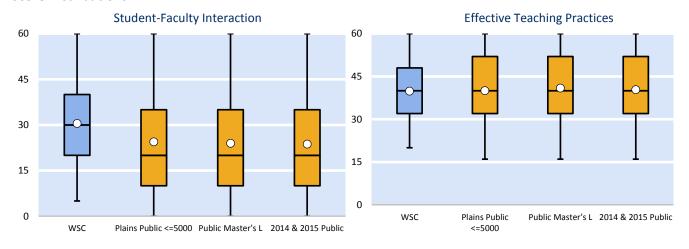
Experiences with Faculty: Seniors

Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your seniors compared with	1
	WSC	Plains Public <=5000	Public Master's L	2014 & 2015 Public
		Effect	Effect	Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Student-Faculty Interaction	30.5	24.4 *** .37	23.9 *** .40	23.7 *** .42
Effective Teaching Practices	39.9	40.001	40.907	40.303

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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Summary of Indicator Items

Charles Franch Interaction		Plains Public	Public	2014 & 2015
Student-Faculty Interaction	WSC	<=5000	Master's L	Public
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	59	44	42	41
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	36	28	26	27
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	45	35	34	33
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	47	34	34	33
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	79	80	82	82
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	79	80	79	79
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	80	77	79	79
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	64	63	63	60
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	70	68	67	65



Campus Environment Wayne State College

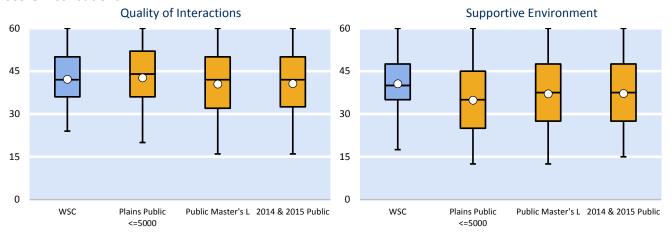
Campus Environment: First-year students

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your f	irst-year studen	ts compared	with	
	WSC	Plains Pub		Public Ma		2014 & 20	015 Public
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Quality of Interactions	42.1	42.7	04	40.4 *	.13	40.6	.12
Supportive Environment	40.6	34.8 ***	.43	37.1 ***	.25	37.1 ***	.25

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

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Summary of Indicator Items		Plains Public	Public	2014 & 2015
Quality of Interactions	wsc	<=5000	Master's L	Public
Percentage rating a 6 or 7 on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent" their interactions with	%	%	%	%
13a. Students	64	55	56	56
13b. Academic advisors	51	53	46	47
13c. Faculty	53	54	46	46
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	48	46	42	42
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	36	48	39	38
Supportive Environment				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized				
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	83	74	76	76
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	84	72	77	77
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	60	50	60	59
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	85	66	72	72
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	86	65	72	72
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	50	39	46	44
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	82	65	66	68
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	63	48	53	52



Campus Environment Wayne State College

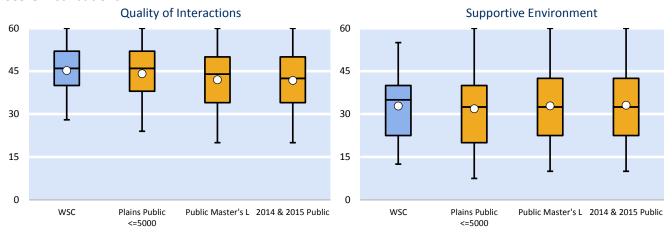
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Mean Comparisons			,	Your seniors com	pared with			
	WSC	Plains Pul	blic <=5000	Public Ma	ster's L	2014 & 2015 Public		
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Quality of Interactions	45.2	44.1	.10	42.0 ***	.27	41.8 ***	.28	
Supportive Environment	32.8	31.9	.06	32.9	01	33.1	02	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

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Summary of Indicator Items		Plains Public	Public	2014 & 2015
Quality of Interactions	wsc	<=5000	Master's L	Public
Percentage rating a 6 or 7 on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent" their interactions with	%	%	%	%
13a. Students	71	62	62	62
13b. Academic advisors	64	59	51	50
13c. Faculty	62	62	58	57
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	47	49	42	41
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	42	51	41	39
Supportive Environment				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized				
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	78	71	70	70
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	73	61	65	65
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	43	49	53	53
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	67	64	65	66
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	67	58	63	63
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	25	31	32	32
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	54	57	55	58
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	46	43	46	46

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First-Year Students

Campus

Quality of Interactions

Environment Supportive Environment

NSSE 2015 Engagement Indicators

Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions Wayne State College

Your first-year students compared with

Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see nsse.indiana.edu/html/position_policies.cfm), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE^a for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2014 and 2015 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2014 and 2015 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark (\checkmark) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

riist-rear	Students		Your first-year students compared with								
		wsc	NSSE T	op 50%		NSSE T	op 10%				
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size	✓	Mean	Effect size	✓			
	Higher-Order Learning	35.5	41.0 ***	40		43.0 ***	55				
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	32.0	37.6 ***	45		39.6 ***	60				
Challenge	Learning Strategies	39.1	41.6 *	18		44.4 ***	38				
	Quantitative Reasoning	25.4	29.4 **	24		31.5 ***	37				
Learning	Collaborative Learning	33.2	35.1 *	14		37.3 ***	29				
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	37.9	43.3 ***	35		45.5 ***	51				
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	22.9	24.0	07	✓	27.2 ***	27				
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	39.5	42.3 **	21		44.6 ***	39				
Campus	Quality of Interactions	42.1	44.0 *	16		45.8 ***	31				
Environment	Supportive Environment	40.6	39.4	.09	✓	41.3	06	✓			
Seniors				Your s	eniors co	ompared with					
		wsc	NSSE T	op 50%		NSSE T	op 10%				
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size	✓	Mean	Effect size	✓			
	Higher-Order Learning	41.0	43.5 *	18		45.3 ***	31				
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	37.1	41.3 ***	33		43.1 ***	48				
Challenge	Learning Strategies	38.7	42.5 ***	26		44.8 ***	43				
	Quantitative Reasoning	28.1	31.8 **	21		33.6 ***	32				
Learning	Collaborative Learning	35.2	35.7	03	✓	38.2 ***	22				
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	37.8	43.9 ***	38		45.9 ***	52				
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	30.5	29.8	.05	✓	34.1 **	22				
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	39.9	43.1 ***	24		45.1 ***	39				

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

45.2

32.8

45.0

36.1 **

.02

-.24

46.7 *

-.12

-.43

a. Precision-weighted means (produced by Hierarchical Linear Modeling) were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all NSSE 2014 and 2015 institutions, separately for first-year and senior students. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either significant and positive, or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



Detailed Statistics^a Wayne State College

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mea	n statist	ics	Percentile ^d scores					Co			
		SD ^b	SEM ^c	F+1-	2544	5046	7546	0546	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
Academic Challenge	Mean	30	SEIVI	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Jreedom	diff.	Sig.	size
Higher-Order Learning												
WSC (N = 178)	35.5	14.0	1.05	10	25	40	45	60				
Plains Public <= 5000	36.9	13.4	.29	15	25	40	45	60	2,344	-1.4	.181	104
Public Master's L	38.7	14.1	.05	15	30	40	50	60	69,182	-3.2	.002	228
2014 & 2015 Public	38.7	14.0	.03	15	30	40	50	60	204,214	-3.2	.002	230
Top 50%	41.0	13.7	.03	20	30	40	50	60	148,496	-5.5	.002	398
Top 10%	43.0	13.8	.08	20	35	40	55	60	29,969	-7.5	.000	547
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	າຕ											
WSC (N = 184)	32.0	11.3	.83	14	26	31	40	54				
Plains Public <= 5000	34.1	12.4	.26	17	26	34	43	57	221	-2.2	.014	175
Public Master's L	35.7	12.4	.05	17	26	34	43	60	184	-3.7	.000	291
2014 & 2015 Public	35.4	12.7	.03	17	26	34	43	60	184	-3.5	.000	272
Top 50%	37.6	12.7	.03	17	29	37	46	60	184	-5.6	.000	445
Top 10%	39.6	12.7	.03	20	31	40	49	60	186	-3.6 -7.6	.000	597
10p 10%	39.0	12.8	.07	20	31	40	49	00	160	-7.0	.000	391
Learning Strategies	20.4			10	25	40						
WSC (N = 165)	39.1	14.5	1.13	13	27	40	53	60				
Plains Public <=5000	38.1	14.1	.32	20	27	40	47	60	2,161	1.0	.385	.070
Public Master's L	39.4	14.3	.06	20	27	40	53	60	63,920	2	.827	017
2014 & 2015 Public	39.2	14.3	.03	20	27	40	53	60	189,066	1	.926	007
Top 50%	41.6	14.1	.04	20	33	40	53	60	133,500	-2.5	.024	175
Top 10%	44.4	14.0	.08	20	33	47	60	60	30,354	-5.3	.000	377
Quantitative Reasoning												
WSC $(N = 177)$	25.4	15.9	1.20	0	13	20	40	53				
Plains Public <= 5000	27.3	15.9	.34	0	20	27	40	60	2,383	-1.9	.133	117
Public Master's L	27.5	16.7	.06	0	20	27	40	60	70,274	-2.1	.092	127
2014 & 2015 Public	28.0	16.5	.04	0	20	27	40	60	207,824	-2.6	.035	159
Top 50%	29.4	16.6	.04	0	20	27	40	60	195,220	-4.0	.001	240
Top 10%	31.5	16.5	.08	0	20	33	40	60	38,796	-6.1	.000	369
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
WSC $(N = 192)$	33.2	12.4	.89	15	25	35	40	55				
Plains Public <= 5000	31.2	14.0	.29	10	20	30	40	60	234	2.0	.033	.145
Public Master's L	31.8	13.9	.05	10	20	30	40	60	192	1.4	.122	.100
2014 & 2015 Public	32.5	14.1	.03	10	20	30	40	60	192	.7	.453	.048
Top 50%	35.1	13.8	.03	15	25	35	45	60	192	-1.9	.031	140
Top 10%	37.3	13.8	.07	15	25	35	50	60	193	-4.1	.000	294
Discussions with Diverse Other	S											
WSC $(N = 165)$	37.9	14.5	1.13	15	25	40	50	60				
Plains Public <=5000	37.2	16.2	.36	10	25	40	50	60	2,197	.7	.587	.044
Public Master's L	40.3	16.4	.06	10	30	40	60	60	64,704	-2.4	.059	147
2014 & 2015 Public	40.9	16.2	.04	15	30	40	60	60	191,392	-3.0	.018	185
Top 50%	43.3	15.4	.04	20	35	45	60	60	164,938	-5.4	.000	353
Top 10%	45.5	14.8	.08	20	40	50	60	60	38,316	-7.6	.000	513



Detailed Statistics^a Wayne State College

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mean statistics				Perce	ntile ^d sco	nres		Comparison results				
-	IVICU	ii statist		-	T CTCC	Title 3cc	7103		Deg. of	Mean	results	Effect	
	Mean	SD b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g	
Experiences with Faculty													
Student-Faculty Interaction													
WSC $(N = 181)$	22.9	13.5	1.00	5	15	20	30	50					
Plains Public <=5000	22.1	15.2	.32	0	10	20	30	50	2,369	.9	.462	.057	
Public Master's L	20.4	15.1	.06	0	10	20	30	50	70,695	2.5	.025	.167	
2014 & 2015 Public	20.3	14.9	.03	0	10	20	30	50	208,738	2.7	.017	.178	
Top 50%	24.0	15.2	.05	0	15	20	35	55	102,951	-1.1	.320	074	
Top 10%	27.2	16.1	.12	5	15	25	40	60	185	-4.3	.000	268	
Effective Teaching Practices													
WSC $(N = 182)$	39.5	12.7	.94	20	28	40	48	60					
Plains Public <=5000	39.3	12.9	.27	16	32	40	48	60	2,408	.2	.859	.014	
Public Master's L	40.0	13.5	.05	20	32	40	52	60	71,148	5	.606	038	
2014 & 2015 Public	39.5	13.4	.03	20	32	40	48	60	210,122	.0	.980	.002	
Top 50%	42.3	13.2	.04	20	32	40	52	60	118,248	-2.8	.004	215	
Top 10%	44.6	13.3	.09	20	36	44	56	60	23,706	-5.1	.000	387	
Campus Environment													
Quality of Interactions													
WSC $(N = 163)$	42.1	10.6	.83	24	36	42	50	60					
Plains Public <= 5000	42.7	12.2	.27	20	36	44	52	60	199	5	.552	043	
Public Master's L	40.4	13.0	.05	16	32	42	50	60	163	1.7	.043	.131	
2014 & 2015 Public	40.6	12.7	.03	16	33	42	50	60	162	1.5	.074	.118	
Top 50%	44.0	11.7	.04	22	38	46	52	60	103,898	-1.8	.044	158	
Top 10%	45.8	11.9	.08	23	40	48	55	60	22,094	-3.7	.000	312	
Supportive Environment													
WSC $(N = 155)$	40.6	12.1	.97	18	35	40	48	60					
Plains Public <= 5000	34.8	13.8	.32	13	25	35	45	60	189	5.8	.000	.426	
Public Master's L	37.1	14.2	.06	13	28	38	48	60	155	3.5	.000	.249	
2014 & 2015 Public	37.1	13.9	.03	15	28	38	48	60	154	3.5	.000	.249	
Top 50%	39.4	13.4	.04	18	30	40	50	60	154	1.2	.234	.087	
Top 10%	41.3	13.0	.08	20	33	40	53	60	156	7	.460	055	

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

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b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean \pm 1.96 x SEM) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



Detailed Statistics^a Wayne State College

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mea	n statist	ics		Percei	ntile ^d scc	res		Co	mparison	results	
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
Academic Challenge	Wicum		32,77	301	2501	30111	7501	<i>33th</i>	jiccuom	uŋ,	Jig.	3120
Higher-Order Learning												
WSC (N = 210)	41.0	13.7	.94	20	30	40	55	60				
Plains Public <=5000	40.4	13.9	.27	20	30	40	50	60	2,947	.6	.549	.043
Public Master's L	41.2	14.3	.04	20	30	40	55	60	113,624	2	.832	015
2014 & 2015 Public	40.8	14.3	.02	15	30	40	55	60	330,557	.2	.825	.015
Top 50%	43.5	13.8	.03	20	35	40	55	60	173,542	-2.4	.010	177
Top 10%	45.3	13.6	.06	20	40	45	60	60	46,773	-4.3	.000	313
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	g											
WSC $(N = 213)$	37.1	12.8	.88	20	29	34	46	60				
Plains Public <=5000	38.1	12.6	.24	20	29	37	46	60	3,069	-1.0	.266	079
Public Master's L	38.9	13.2	.04	17	29	40	49	60	118,314	-1.8	.041	140
2014 & 2015 Public	38.4	13.2	.02	17	29	40	49	60	343,975	-1.4	.128	104
Top 50%	41.3	12.7	.03	20	31	40	51	60	173,151	-4.2	.000	332
Top 10%	43.1	12.5	.06	20	34	43	54	60	43,056	-6.1	.000	483
Learning Strategies												
WSC $(N = 199)$	38.7	14.9	1.06	13	27	40	53	60				
Plains Public <=5000	38.8	14.9	.29	13	27	40	53	60	2,804	1	.900	009
Public Master's L	40.6	14.8	.05	13	27	40	53	60	106,329	-1.9	.070	129
2014 & 2015 Public	40.1	14.9	.03	13	27	40	53	60	310,365	-1.4	.175	096
Top 50%	42.5	14.6	.03	20	33	40	60	60	219,477	-3.8	.000	261
Top 10%	44.8	14.2	.06	20	33	47	60	60	57,609	-6.2	.000	435
Quantitative Reasoning												
WSC $(N = 210)$	28.1	16.5	1.14	0	20	27	40	60				
Plains Public <=5000	29.9	17.1	.32	0	20	27	40	60	3,013	-1.8	.143	105
Public Master's L	30.0	17.4	.05	0	20	27	40	60	115,545	-1.8	.128	105
2014 & 2015 Public	30.4	17.4	.03	0	20	27	40	60	336,593	-2.3	.057	131
Top 50%	31.8	17.3	.03	0	20	33	40	60	292,378	-3.6	.002	209
Top 10%	33.6	16.9	.07	0	20	33	47	60	64,685	-5.5	.000	325
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
WSC $(N = 218)$	35.2	12.4	.84	20	25	35	40	60				
Plains Public <=5000	30.0	15.0	.28	5	20	30	40	60	267	5.2	.000	.354
Public Master's L	33.2	14.3	.04	10	25	35	45	60	218	2.0	.019	.139
2014 & 2015 Public	33.1	14.6	.02	10	20	30	45	60	218	2.1	.015	.142
Top 50%	35.7	13.9	.03	15	25	35	45	60	218	5	.573	034
Top 10%	38.2	13.7	.06	15	30	40	50	60	220	-3.0	.001	216
Discussions with Diverse Others												
WSC $(N = 200)$	37.8	16.1	1.13	10	25	40	50	60				
Plains Public <=5000	37.6	16.7	.33	10	25	40	55	60	2,842	.2	.860	.013
Public Master's L	41.7	16.4	.05	15	30	40	60	60	107,425	-3.8	.001	234
2014 & 2015 Public	41.9	16.3	.03	15	30	40	60	60	313,851	-4.1	.000	251
Top 50%	43.9	15.9	.03	20	35	45	60	60	280,957	-6.1	.000	383
Top 10%	45.9	15.4	.06	20	40	50	60	60	67,506	-8.1	.000	524



Detailed Statistics^a Wayne State College

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mea	n statist	ics		Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Co	mparison	results	
		,							Deg. of	Mean	,	Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
WSC $(N = 210)$	30.5	15.4	1.06	5	20	30	40	60				
Plains Public <=5000	24.4	16.6	.32	0	10	20	35	60	2,999	6.1	.000	.366
Public Master's L	23.9	16.5	.05	0	10	20	35	60	115,714	6.5	.000	.398
2014 & 2015 Public	23.7	16.4	.03	0	10	20	35	60	336,673	6.8	.000	.416
Top 50%	29.8	16.2	.05	5	20	30	40	60	112,041	.7	.513	.045
Top 10%	34.1	16.5	.13	5	20	35	45	60	16,774	-3.6	.002	219
Effective Teaching Practices												
WSC $(N = 213)$	39.9	12.6	.86	20	32	40	48	60				
Plains Public <=5000	40.0	13.7	.26	16	32	40	52	60	3,044	1	.878	011
Public Master's L	40.9	14.0	.04	16	32	40	52	60	213	-1.0	.232	074
2014 & 2015 Public	40.3	13.9	.02	16	32	40	52	60	213	5	.596	033
Top 50%	43.1	13.6	.03	20	36	44	56	60	213	-3.2	.000	235
Top 10%	45.1	13.4	.08	20	36	48	60	60	216	-5.3	.000	394
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
WSC $(N = 202)$	45.2	9.3	.66	28	40	46	52	60				
Plains Public <=5000	44.1	11.4	.23	24	38	46	52	60	251	1.1	.111	.099
Public Master's L	42.0	12.2	.04	20	34	44	50	60	202	3.2	.000	.265
2014 & 2015 Public	41.8	12.1	.02	20	34	43	50	60	201	3.4	.000	.284
Top 50%	45.0	11.4	.03	24	38	46	54	60	201	.3	.693	.023
Top 10%	46.7	11.8	.06	24	40	50	56	60	204	-1.5	.027	125
Supportive Environment												
WSC $(N = 191)$	32.8	13.1	.95	13	23	35	40	55				
Plains Public <=5000	31.9	14.6	.29	8	20	33	40	60	2,676	.9	.392	.064
Public Master's L	32.9	14.6	.05	10	23	33	43	60	100,659	1	.935	006
2014 & 2015 Public	33.1	14.4	.03	10	23	33	43	60	294,433	3	.764	022
Top 50%	36.1	13.9	.03	13	26	38	45	60	166,824	-3.3	.001	236
Top 10%	38.8	13.7	.08	15	30	40	50	60	31,255	-6.0	.000	435

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

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b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean \pm 1.96 x SEM) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.